

Ministerial Decree No. 873 made on July 27, 1999 about
Issuance of Internal Bylaw of Faculty of Law at Tanta
University

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University**

Minister of State for Higher Education and Scientific Research

After considering:

- Act No. 49 of 1972 about universities organization and the acts amending it,
- Presidential decree No. 809 of 1975 about issuance of the executive bylaw of Universities Organization Act and the decrees amending it,
- Ministerial decree No. 716 of July 26, 1981 about issuance of the executive bylaw of Faculty of Law and the decrees amending it.
- The approval given by Tanta University Council in its sessions held on November 24, 1998, December 29, 1998 and June 29, 1999.
- The approval given by the committee of legal studies sector in its session held on June 9, 1999.
- The approval from Chairman of Committee of Legal Studies Sector on July 4, 1999.
- And the decree of the Supreme Council of Universities (SCU) in its session held on September 10, 1998 about authorizing Minister of State for Higher Education and Scientific Research and Chairman of Supreme Council of Universities to approve issuance of internal bylaws of

faculties and higher institutes and their amendments after getting approval from committees of specialized higher education sectors

The Minister decided:

The First Article

- The attached internal bylaw is applied at Faculty of Law at Tanta University. Any stipulation that contradicts it is cancelled.

The Second Article

- All specialized bodies implement this decree.

The First Section
Faculty Departments

Article (1):

The Faculty consists of the following departments:

No.	Department	Subjects Studied at the Department
1	Islamic Shari'a	It includes subjects of Islamic Shari'a, inheritance, wills and religious endowments, and foundations of jurisprudence.
2	Civil Law	It includes subjects of introduction to legal sciences (law, right), commitments (resources, judgments), evidence, contracts, possession, civil insurances, personal status of non-Muslims, labor code, and social insurances.
3	Commercial Law	It includes subject of commercial law, marine law and aviation law.
4	Procedural Law	It includes subjects of civil procedural law, commercial procedural law, and implementation.
5	Criminal Law	It includes subjects of criminology, penology, penal code and criminal

		proceedings.
6	Public Law	It includes subjects of constitutional law, political systems, administrative law, administrative and constitutional jurisdiction, and administrative contracts.
7	Public International Law	It includes subjects of international regulation and public international law.
8	Private International Law	It includes subjects of nationality law, status of aliens, conflict of laws, international jurisdiction, and implementation of foreign judgments.
9	Philosophy of Law	It includes subjects of philosophy of law, history of Egyptian law, and history of legal and social systems.
10	Economic Legislations and Public Finance	It includes subjects of political economy, money, banks, foreign trade, economic legislations, public finance and tax legislation.

Article (2):

One division or more can be established at the Faculty where some or all of the curricula stipulated in this bylaw are taught in English or French during years of licentiate stage according to the rules and systems approved by a decree from the Supreme

Council of Universities after an approval from University Council and a suggestion from Faculty Council. Students who succeed are granted the Licentiate degree in Law provided that their certificates show the subjects they studied successfully in French or in English.

The Second Section

Scientific Degrees

Article (3):

Based on a suggestion from Faculty of Law, Tanta University grants the following scientific degrees:

- 1- The Licentiate degree in Law
- 2- The Licentiate degree in Law, the English Language Division
- 3- The Licentiate degree in Legal Studies with Open Education System.
- 4- Postgraduate Diploma in one of the following branches:
 - a) Private Law
 - b) Public Law
 - c) Islamic Shari'a
 - d) Criminal Sciences
 - e) Administration Sciences

- f) International Law
 - g) Economic and Financial Sciences
 - h) Judicial Sciences
- 5- The Master's degree in Law
- 6- The PhD degree In Law

The Third Section

The Licentiate Degree in Law

First: System of Study

Article (4):

The subjects taught to gain the Licentiate degree in Law are:

Islamic Shari'a, inheritance, wills, religious endowments, foundations of jurisprudence, introduction to law, obligations, contracts, possession, civil insurances, personal status of non-Muslims, labor code, social insurances, commercial law, marine law, aviation law, civil procedural law, commercial procedural law, implementation, criminology, penology, penal code, criminal proceedings, constitutional law, political systems, administrative law, administrative and constitutional jurisdiction, administrative contracts, international regulation

public international law, private international law, philosophy of law, history of Egyptian law, history of legal social systems, political economy, economic legislations, public finance and tax legislation, money, foreign commercial banks, legal terms in a foreign language, environmental law, computer, and legal subject in a foreign language.

After seeking the opinion of specialized Department Council, Faculty Council determines the scientific content of the topics taught in each subject.

Article (5):

Distribution of subjects to academic years and the number of hours allocated to each curriculum weekly are determined according to the system of two semesters as follows:

First Year

The First Semester	Number of hours	The Second Semester	Number of hours

Islamic Shari'a	6	Constitutional Law and Political Systems	6
Introduction to Legal Sciences	6	Political Economy	6
International Regulation	4	History of Legal and Social Systems	4
Criminology and Penology	4	Legal Terms in a Foreign Language	4
Total number of hours	20	Total number of hours	20

Second Year

The First Semester	Number of hours	The Second Semester	Number of hours
Economy	6	Islamic Shari'a	6
History of Law	4	Civil Law (obligation judgments and evidence)	4
Personal Status of Non-Muslims	2	Penal Code (the Public Section)	6
Administrative Law	6	Public International Law	4
Civil Law (resources of obligation)	4	Legal Terms in a Foreign Language	4
Total number of hours	22	Total number of hours	24

Third Year

The First Semester	Number of hours	The Second Semester	Number of hours
Civil Law (contracts)	6	Labor and Social Insurance Law	6
Commercial Law	6	Civil and Commercial Proceedings	6
Administrative and Constitutional Jurisdiction	6	Public Finance	4
Penal Code	6	Islamic Shari'a	6
Legal subject in a foreign language	4	Private International Law (nationality and status of aliens)	4
Total number of hours	28	Total number of hours	26

Fourth Year

The First Semester	Number of hours	The Second Semester	Number of hours
Foundations of Jurisprudence	4	Environmental Law	4
Commercial Law	6	Criminal Proceedings	6
Implementation	4	Civil Law	6
Legal subject in a foreign language	4	Marine and Aviation Law	4
Private International Law (conflict of laws and jurisdiction)	4	Administrative Contracts	4
Tax Legislation	4	_____	
Total number of hours	26	Total number of hours	24

Article (6):

Upon request from Faculty Council, University Council is authorized to redistribute the academic curricula to the two semesters in a way that is beneficial to the educational process taking into consideration the stipulation of Article (197) of Universities Organization Act.

Article (7):

The subject of Legal Terms is studied in a foreign language, French or English, by students of the first and second years. Its scientific content includes all specializations mentioned in the scientific departments stipulated in article (4).

Studying the legal subject is in French or in English for students of the third and fourth years according to what is determined by Faculty Council annually.

Article (8):

Faculty Council chooses annually the scientific department that teaches the subject of computer. It chooses also the scientific department that teaches the subject of Environmental Law provided that it is one of the following departments: Civil Law, Criminal Law, Public Law, and International Public Law.

Article (9) ⁽¹⁾:

First year students take computer exam at the end of the year. Its marks are not added to the student's total marks. In addition, it is not a failure subject. A student must pass it before gaining the Licentiate degree.

- (1) Article (9) was cancelled according to a decree from the Supreme Council of Universities. A Student must get the International Computer Driving License ICDL instead of the subject of computer.

Article (10)

Upon request from councils of scientific departments, Faculty Council determines the number of hours that teaching staff, assistant staff and demonstrators work giving lectures and applied lessons. Tables are issued by Faculty Dean showing these hours at the beginning of each semester.

Second: System of Exams

Article (11):

Exams of each year are held written twice; once at the end of the first semester and the other at the end of the second semester as stipulated by the fifth article of this bylaw.

Article (12):

The period of exam of each subject is three hours except subjects of legal terminology in a foreign language, the legal subject in a foreign language, computer and practical applications. The period of exam in these subjects is two hours.

Article (13):

The full mark of each subject is 20. Two marks are for research tasks determined by Faculty Council upon a suggestion from specialized scientific departments according to methods of continuous development.

Article (14):

Estimations of success and failure are as follows:

First: Success Estimations

Estimation	Percentage
Excellent	90% or more of the total marks
Very Good	80% to less than 90 of the total marks
Good	65% to less than 80% of the total marks

Fair	50% to less than 65% of the total marks
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Second: Failure Estimations

Estimation	Percentage
Poor	Less than 50% to 35% of the total marks
Very Poor	Less than 35% of the total marks

Article (15):

A student is transferred from the academic year he is enrolled at to the next one if he succeeds in all curricula or if he failed two curricula of the subjects of his year or a previous year as a maximum.

Article (16):

Final year students who failed one or two subjects take second round exams during September each year. If they failed again they take exams at the end of the semester of the failure subjects. Students who failed subjects from previous years, they take exams on the dates determined by Faculty Council.

Article (17):

A student is not granted the Licentiate degree in Law unless he passes all subjects stipulated in the fifth article of this bylaw.

Article (18):

The final estimation of Licentiate degree is calculated based on student's total marks in the exams of the four academic years.

Article (19):

Faculty Council determines practical applied subjects. Three subjects as a maximum in each year after seeking the opinion of councils of specialized scientific departments. Each subject is taught for one hour a week. Twenty marks are given for year work and the written exam. These marks are added to the students' total marks in the year he studied the subjects.

